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## IRS Announces Employee Benefits Limits for 2016

10.28.2015

The Internal Revenue Service has recently announced whether there will be cost-of-living adjustments applicable to dollar limitations for retirement plans (and other items) for 2016. Many of the limitations will not change for 2016 because the increase in the cost-of-living index did not meet the statutory thresholds that trigger their adjustment.

#### I. Retirement Plans

Some of the annual limits for 2016 (and the current limits for 2015) 2016 2015 Elective Deferral Limit (for Internal are as follows: Revenue Code ("Code") Section 401(k), 403(b), 457(b)(2), 457(c), and SARSEP plans) - excluding catch-up contributions \$18,000 \$18,000 Elective Deferral Limit for SIMPLE plans \$12,500 \$12,500 Catch-up Contribution Limit for Code Section 401(k), 403(b), 457 (b) and SARSEP plans \$6,000 \$6,000 Catch-up Contribution Limit for SIMPLE plans \$3,000 \$3,000 Annual limitation for defined contribution plans under Code Section 415 \$53,000 **\$53,000** Annual limitation for *defined benefit* plans under Code Section 415 \$210,000 \$210,000 Maximum compensation limit \$265,000 \$265,000 Minimum dollar threshold to be considered highly compensated employee ("HCE") based on compensation \$120,000 \$120,000 Minimum dollar threshold for an officer of the employer to be considered a key employee for top heavy plans \$170,000 \$170,000 Maximum Social Security taxable earnings (OASDI only) \$118,500 \$118,500 Maximum Medicare taxable earnings (HI only) No Limit(1) No Limit Minimum compensation amount to be eligible for coverage under SEP \$600 \$600

(1) The Medicare tax rate is 1.45% on wages (for employees) and 2.90% on self-employment income (for self-employed individuals). However, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act imposes an additional .9% Medicare tax on wages and self-employment income for tax years beginning after December 31, 2012. The additional tax applies to individuals with compensation

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in excess of certain threshold amounts (\$200,000 for single taxpayers, \$250,000 for married taxpayers filing a joint return, and \$125,000 for married couples filing separate returns). The new Medicare tax rate on wages and self-employment income in excess of the threshold amounts is 2.35% for employees and 3.8% for self-employed individuals.

### II. Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)

The new annual HSA (and High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP)) limits for 2016 (and the current limits for 2015) are as follows:

2016 2015 HSA Contribution Limits: Self-only \$3,350 \$3,350 Family \$6,750 \$6,650 Catch-up (for individuals age 55 or older) \$1,000 \$1,000 HDHP Minimum Deductible: Self-Only \$1,300 \$1,300 Family \$2,600 \$2,600 HDHP Out-of-Pocket Expense Limit (Deductibles, co-payments and other amounts, but not premiums)(2): Self-Only \$6,550 \$6,450 Family \$13,100 \$12,900

(2) The HDHP out of pocket maximums for HSA/HDHP plans are lower than the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act ("ACA") out of pocket maximums. For 2016, the ACA's out of pocket maximum is \$6,850 for self-only coverage and \$13,700 for family coverage. Employers offering HSA/HDHP plans will need to ensure they satisfy the lower Internal Revenue Service HDHP out of pocket maximums.

#### III. Health Flexible Spending Accounts

The annual limit for 2016 for employee contributions to a health flexible spending account will remain the same as the 2015 annual limit - \$2,550.

If you have questions regarding the Internal Revenue Service limits or other employee benefits matters, please contact your regular Butzel Long attorney, a member of the Butzel Long Employee Benefits Practice Group, or the author of this e-mail news alert.

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